

Vasyl Hryhorkiv, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Professor,
Mariia Hryhorkiv, Doctor of Economic Science, Professor,
Yuri Fedkovich Chernivtsi National University,
Chernivtsi

GENERAL APPROACH TO MODELING THE PROBLEM OF DECISION-MAKING IN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCESSES

Summary

Sustainable development is one of today's dominant target directions of development of modern human civilization, which provides for the compatibility of the states of the economic, ecological and social subsystems of society both within the borders of a single country and in the global space as a whole. In this regard, the issue of conceptual and applied foundations of sustainable development is a current subject of scientific research and practical development for specialists and individual institutions of various directions.

Expanding and improving the tools of sustainable development research, including the formalization of a general approach to modelling the decision-making task of ensuring sustainable development, its support and management.

The conceptual basis of the structural components of the management system of sustainable development, which is formed by three subsystems, namely the management subsystem or the governing body, the external environment subsystem, the managed subsystem or the subsystem that is the object of management, is revealed. The general approach to the formalization of the decision-making task in this management system is analyzed. The characteristic features of the influence of elements of the control subsystem and the external environment on the states of the subsystem object are justified, which are related to the structure of the elements of the admissible sets of states and the specificity of the external environment, which can be passive or active in relation to the influence on the object. The concept of the balance of economic, ecological and social components in the decisions of the management subsystem and the states of the subsystem object has been concretized. Such balance is proposed to be modelled with the help of Pareto optimal dominance of the specified decisions and states, which can be established in the case of constructing their criterion evaluations.

The formalized approach to construction of a general model of the decision-making process in the sustainable development management system has obvious practical significance, which consists in the specification of real tasks related to the construction of sets of permissible states of subsystems components of the control system, and most importantly, sets of permissible decisions of the control subsystem, criteria for evaluating these decisions and the definition and selection of so-called balanced solutions in the sense of sustainable development.

Keywords: management system, modeling, approach, sustainable development, management subsystem, subsystem-object.

Number of sources – 22.

References:

1. Agenda 21 (1992). United Nations Conference on Environment and Development. Rio de Janeiro (United Nations) A Conf. 151/4.
2. Forrester, Jay W. (1973). *World Dynamics*. Second Edition. Press, Inc., Cambridge, Massachusetts. 143 p.
3. Skene, Kelth, Murray, Alan (2015). *Sustainable Economics: Context, Challenges and Opportunities for the 21st-Century Practitioner*. Taylor & Francis. 480 p.
4. Mesarović, Mihajlo D., Pestel, Eduard (1976). *Mankind at the Turning Point: The second report of the club of Rome*. E.P.Dutton. 210 p.
5. Babins'ka, O. V. (2018). The sustainable development goals (SDGs) and modern business strategy. *Visnyk Chernivets'koho torhovel'no-ekonomichnoho instytutu [Bulletin of the Chernivtsi Trade and Economic Institute]*, vol. 1-2(69-70), pp. 13-17.
6. Biloskurs'kyj, R. (2017). *Ekoloho-ekonomichni aktualitety v systemi rozvytku instytutsional'noho seredovyscha Ukrainy [Environmental and economic current affairs in the system of development of the institutional environment of Ukraine]*. VNZ «Natsional'na akademiia upravlinnia», Kyiv, 324 p. (in Ukr.).
7. Buiak, L.M. (2016). *Matematychni modeli zahalnoi ekonomichnoi dynamiky z urakhuvanniam sotsialno-ekonomichnoi klasteryzatsii [Mathematical models of general economic dynamics taking into account socio-economic clustering]*. Chernivetskyi nats. un-t, Chernivtsi, Ukraine, 392 p. (in Ukr.).
8. Vdovichen, A. A. (2018). State debt management by the hypothetical scenarios of sustainable development of the economy of Ukraine under the terms of the VRI agreement. *Visnyk Chernivets'koho torhovel'no-ekonomichnoho instytutu [Bulletin of the Chernivtsi Trade and Economic Institute]*, vol. 4(72), pp. 6-18 (in Ukr.).
9. Verstiak, O. M., Verstiak, A.V. (2021). Concepts of sustainable development and ecological and economic growth in the context of international environmental initiatives. *Prychornomors'ki studii [Black Sea Studies]*, vol. 71, pp. 7-15 (in Ukr.).
10. Herasymchuk, Z.V. (2008). *Rehional'na polityka staloho rozvytku: teoriia, metodolohiia, praktyka [Regional policy of sustainable development: theory, methodology, practice]*. Nadstyr'ia, Luts'k, 528 p. (in Ukr.).
11. Hryhorkiv, V.S., Hryhorkiv, M.V. (2021). *Modeli pryjniattia rishen' v ekonomitsi [Decision-making models in the economy]*. Chernivtsi National University, Chernivtsi, 256 p. (in Ukr.).
12. Hryniv, L.S. (2001). *Ekolohichno zbalansovana ekonomika : problemy teorii [Economically balanced economy: problems of the theory]*. L'viv, LNU im. I. Franka, 240 p. (in Ukr.).
13. Dejli, H. (2002). *Poza zrostanniam. Ekonomichna teoriia staloho rozvytku [Out of growth. Economic theory of sustainable development]*. Intelsfera, Kyiv, 312 p. (in Ukr.).
14. Dolha, H.V. (2024). The main factors of the sustainable development of the industry of Ukraine in the conditions of war. *Visnyk Chernivets'koho torhovel'no-ekonomichnoho instytutu [Bulletin of the Chernivtsi Trade and Economic Institute]*, vol. I(93), pp. 38-51 (in Ukr.).
15. Indicators of sustainable development: Wikipedia. Free encyclopedia. URL: https://uk.wikipedia.org/wiki/Індикатори_сталого_розвитку (Accessed 19/01/2024) (in Ukr.).
16. Voloshyn, V.V., Hordiienko, N.M., Horlenko, I.O., Danylyshyn, B.M., Dorohuntsov, S.I. (1997). The concept of sustainable development of Ukraine [*Kontseptsiiia staloho rozvytku Ukrainy*]. Kyiv, 17 p. (in Ukr.).

17. Lyashenko, I.M. (1999). *Ekonomiko-matematychni metody ta modeli stalogo rozvytku* [Economic and mathematical methods and models of sustainable development]. Vyshha shkola, Kyiv, 236 p. (in Ukr.).

18. Onyschenko, A.M. (2011). *Modeliuvannia ekolooho-ekonomichnoi vzaiemodii v protsesi vykonannia rishen' Kiots'koho protokolu* [Modelling of ecologic-economic interaction in the process of implementation decisions of Kiotskogo protocol]. Poltavs'kyj literator, Poltava, 398 p. (in Ukr.).

19. VHO «Ukraina. Poriadok dennij na 21 stolittia» (2000). *Prohrama dij «Poriadok dennij na 21 stolittia»* [Action program «Agenda for the 21st century»]. Intelsfera, Kyiv, 360 p. (in Ukr.).

20. Tadeiev, Yu.P. (2013). Dynamic functions of cost-benefit with investments in the production and intellectual capital. *Visnyk KNTEU [Bulletin of KNTEU]*, pp. 128-134 (in Ukr.).

21. Us, J. Pimonenko, T. Leus, D. and Fedyna, S. (2017). The modern ecological and economic instruments for sustainable development. *Visnyk Sumskoho derzhavnoho universytetu. Serii Ekonomika [Bulletin of Sumy State University. Economy Series]*, vol. 2, pp. 57-67 (in Ukr.).

22. Shevchuk, V.Ya., Sakhaiev, V.H. (2004). *Stalij rozvytok i ekonomika pryrodovidtvorennia* [Sustainable development and economics of nature reproduction]. Heoprynt, Kyiv, 214 p. (in Ukr.).